## Lecture Notes J: Chemical Equilibrium II

## Problem

Consider the following reaction:

 $A + 2B \leftrightarrow 2C$   $K = 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$ 

50.0 ml of a 0.150M solution of A is mixed with 25.0 ml of a 0.250M solution of B. At equilibrium, what is the concentration of each of the species ([A], [B], [C]) in the solution?

## Concept

Consider the following reaction

 $\begin{array}{rcl} 2\text{NOCl}(g) &\leftrightarrow 2\text{NO}(g) + \text{Cl}_2(g) \\ \text{with initial conditions: } [\text{NOCl}]_0 = 1.0 \text{ M} \text{ ; } [\text{NO}]_0 = 0.5 \text{ M} \text{ ; } [\text{Cl2}]_0 = 0.0 \\ \text{Which is the correct expression for the equilibrium concentrations?} \\ \text{A. } [\text{NOCl}] = 1.0\text{-}2x & [\text{NO}] = 0.5\text{+}2x & [\text{Cl}_2] = \text{+}2x \\ \text{B. } [\text{NOCl}] = 2.0\text{-}2x & [\text{NO}] = 0.5\text{+}2x & [\text{Cl}_2] = \text{+}x \end{array}$ 

B. [NOC1] = 2.0-2x[NO] = 0.5+2x $[Cl_2] = +x$ C. [NOC1] = 1.0-2x[NO] = 0.5+2x $[Cl_2] = +x$ D. [NOC1] = 1.0+x[NO] = 0.5+x $[Cl_2] = -x$ 

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A + 2 B 
$$\leftrightarrow$$
 2 C K = 1.6 x 10<sup>4</sup>

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